Helpful hints to improve your sleep hygiene

Sleep hygiene is a term used to describe your sleep habits. Below are a few suggestions which some people have found to be useful in improving their sleep hygiene and thereby feel more alert while awake.

- 1. Have medical problems which might interfere with sleep such as asthma, heart burn, angina, arthritis, pain or breathlessness under optimal control.
- 2. Reduce stimulants (tea, coffee, chocolate, cigarettes) which prevent quality deep sleep.
- 3. Reduce sedatives (alcohol and some medications) which can impair ones ability to have quality deep sleep. You should seek advice from your doctor before stopping "prescribed" medications.
- 4. Reduce factors which might arouse you from sleep: external noise, uncomfortable bed or extremes of temperature. Ear plugs are OK to use.
- 5. Get plenty of morning sunlight. This will help regulate your sleep-wake cycle.
- 6. Attempt to exercise (ideally to a level which causes you to perspire) daily at least 4 6 hours before bed time.
- 7. Have a hot shower or bath before bed. Our body temperature peaks in the daytime and falls during sleep. We tend to fall asleep as our body temperature begins to fall.
- 8. Avoid large meals before bed time. A drink high in carbohydrates (Ovaltine which has malt) with milk (which contains tryptophan) may help induce sleep, whereas high protein foods may induce wakefulness.
- 9. Get out of bed at regular fixed time each day.
- 10. Go to bed only for rest/sleep/intimacy. Avoid reminiscing about the days events or watching TV. Have a ritual such as reading fiction before bed.
- 11. Hide bed room clock.
- 12. Avoid napping during the day time.
- 13. If you cannot fall asleep after 20 minutes, get out of bed and do some thing different to change your thoughts from sleep.

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